

# ELECRAFT® KX3

# Ultra-portable 160-6 meter, All-mode Transceiver

### KIT ASSEMBLY MANUAL

Revision D1, August 7, 2012

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Elecraft manuals with color images may be downloaded from <a href="https://www.elecraft.com">www.elecraft.com</a> .	

### Introduction

This manual will guide you through assembly of your Elecraft KX3 transceiver. We're confident that you'll find the KX3 easy to build, even if you've had no prior kit-building experience.

Every modern transceiver is complex, and the KX3 is no exception. But all of the circuits are contained on a few factory-assembled and tested circuit boards. Also, virtually all of the alignment of your KX3 is handled in firmware using the KX3's built-in test capabilities.

**A** Do not handle the circuit boards without first taking the ESD precautions listed on page 5.

If you should you have difficulty, you'll have our full support via phone and e-mail. In addition, we hope you'll join our growing and enthusiastic community of owner/builders via the Elecraft reflector. Further information about the Elecraft KX3, including specifications, installation, and operation instructions, can be found in the Owner's Manual.

# **Customer Service and Support**

#### Technical Assistance

You can send e-mail to <a href="k3support@elecraft.com">k3support@elecraft.com</a> and we will respond quickly – typically the same day Monday through Friday. If you need replacement parts, send an e-mail to <a href="parts@elecraft.com">parts@elecraft.com</a>. Telephone assistance is available from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. Pacific time (weekdays only) at 831-763-4211. Please use e-mail rather than calling when possible since this gives us a written record of the details of your problem and allows us to handle a larger number of requests each day.

#### Repair / Alignment Service

If necessary, you may return your Elecraft product to us for repair or alignment. (Note: We offer unlimited email and phone support, so please try that route first as we can usually help you find the problem quickly.)

**IMPORTANT:** You must contact Elecraft before mailing your product to obtain authorization for the return, what address to ship it to and current information on repair fees and turnaround times. (Frequently we can determine the cause of your problem and save you the trouble of shipping it back to us.) Our repair location is different from our factory location in Aptos. We will give you the address to ship your kit to at the time of repair authorization. Packages shipped to Aptos without authorization will incur an additional shipping charge for reshipment from Aptos to our repair depot.

### **Elecraft 1-Year Limited Warranty**

This warranty is effective as of the date of first consumer purchase (or if shipped from the factory, the date the product is shipped to the customer). It covers both our kits and fully assembled products. For kits, before requesting warranty service, you should fully complete the assembly, carefully following all instructions in the manual.

Who is covered: This warranty covers the original owner of the Elecraft product as disclosed to Elecraft at the time of order. Elecraft products transferred by the purchaser to a third party, either by sale, gift, or other method, who is not disclosed to Elecraft at the time of original order, are not covered by this warranty. If the Elecraft product is being bought indirectly for a third party, the third party's name and address must be provided at time of order to ensure warranty coverage.

What is covered: During the first year after date of purchase, Elecraft will replace defective or missing parts free of charge (post-paid). We will also correct any malfunction to kits or assembled units caused by defective parts and materials. Purchaser pays inbound shipping to us for warranty repair; we pay shipping to return the repaired equipment to you by UPS ground service or equivalent to the continental USA and Canada. For Alaska, Hawaii, and other destinations outside the U.S. and Canada, actual return shipping cost is paid by the owner.

What is not covered: This warranty does not cover correction of kit assembly errors. It also does not cover misalignment; repair of damage caused by misuse, negligence, battery leakage or corrosion, or builder modifications; or any performance malfunctions involving non-Elecraft accessory equipment. The use of acid-core solder, water-soluble flux solder, or any corrosive or conductive flux or solvent will void this warranty in its entirety. Also not covered is reimbursement for loss of use, inconvenience, customer assembly or alignment time, or cost of unauthorized service.

**Limitation of incidental or consequential damages:** This warranty does not extend to non-Elecraft equipment or components used in conjunction with our products. Any such repair or replacement is the responsibility of the customer. Elecraft will not be liable for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, including but not limited to any loss of business or profits.

### Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage

Sensitive components may be damaged by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) simply by touching them or a circuit board containing them unless you take specific steps to prevent such damage. Damage may occur with static discharges far too little for you to notice.

A damaged component may not fail completely at first. Instead, the damage may result in below-normal performance for an extended period of time before you experience a total failure.

Parts which are especially ESD-sensitive are identified in the parts list and in the assembly procedures.

We strongly recommend you take the following anti-static precautions (listed in order of importance) to ensure there is no voltage difference between the components and any object that touches them:

- Leave ESD-sensitive parts in their anti-static packaging until you install them. The packaging may be a special plastic bag that allow static charges to flow harmlessly over their surface, or a component's leads may be inserted in conductive foam that keep them at the same potential.
- Wear a conductive wrist strap with a series 1-megohm resistor that will constantly drain off any static charge that accumulates on your body. If you do not have a wrist strap, touch a ground briefly before touching any sensitive parts to discharge your body. Do this frequently while you are working. You can collect a destructive static charge on your body just sitting at the work bench.

### **A** WARNING

DO NOT attach a ground directly to yourself without a current-limiting resistor as this poses a serious shock hazard. A wrist strap must include a 1-megohm resistor to limit the current flow. If you choose to touch an unpainted, metal ground to discharge yourself, do it only when you are not touching live circuits with any part of your body.

- Use a grounded anti-static mat on your work bench (see below).
- If you pick up a pc board that was not placed on an anti-static mat or in an anti-static package, touch first a ground plane connection on the board such as a connector shell or mounting point.
- If you use a soldering iron to work on a circuit board, be sure your iron has an ESD-safe grounded tip tied to the same common ground used by your mat and wrist strap.

### **Choosing an Anti-Static Mat**

An anti-static mat must bleed off any charge that comes in contact with it at a rate slow enough to avoid a shock or short circuit hazard but fast enough to ensure dangerous charges cannot accumulate. Typically, a mat will have a resistance of up to 1 Gigaohm ( $10^9$  ohms). Testing a mat requires specialized equipment, so we recommend that you choose an anti-static mat that comes with published resistance specifications and clean it as recommended by the manufacturer. Testing has shown that many inexpensive mats that do not specify their resistance have resistance values much too high to provide adequate protection, even after they were cleaned and treated with special anti-static mat solutions.

Suitable anti-static table mats are available from many sources including:

- U-line (Model 12743 specified at 10<sup>7</sup> ohms)
- Desco (Model 66164, specified at 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>8</sup> ohms)
- 3M<sup>TM</sup> Portable Service Kit (Model 8505 or 8507, specified at 10<sup>6</sup> to 10<sup>9</sup> ohms)

### Overview of the Kit

The KX3 has a two part enclosure that opens for access to the batteries and for adding options. Figure 1 shows the assembled KX3 with the enclosure open.

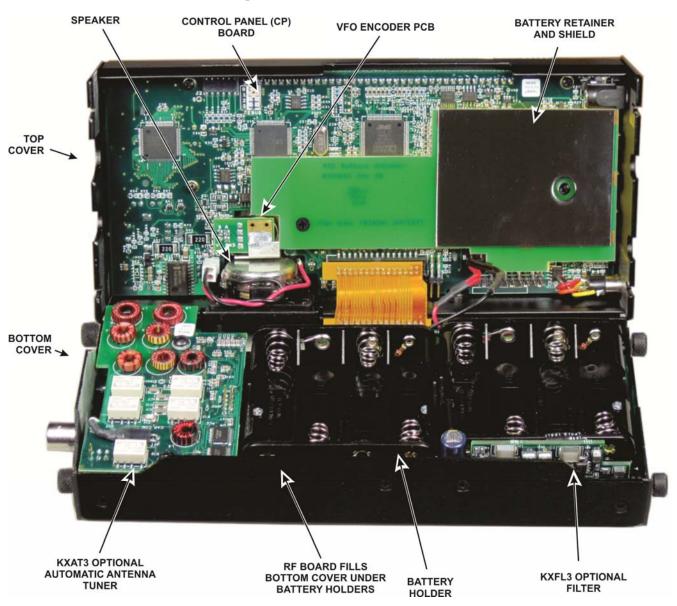


Figure 1. Complete KX3.

All of the basic KX3 circuits are contained on the two larger pc boards: the Control Panel (CP) board in the top cover and the Radio Frequency (RF) circuit board in the bottom cover. Options plug into these boards, such as the KXAT3 ATU and the KXFL3 filter shown here..

# Tools Required for Assembly

- 1. ESD Protection (see *Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage*, pg 5)
- 2. #0 and #1 size Phillips screwdrivers. To avoid damaging screws and nuts, a power screwdriver is *not* recommended. Always use the screwdriver that best fits the screw in each step.
- 3. Needle-nose pliers, 4" to 6" is ideal.
- 4. Soft cloth or clean, soft static dissipating pad to lay cabinet panels on to avoid scratching.
- 5. Tweezers are handy for positioning parts in cramped spaces.
- 6. Straight-edge rule for checking clearances (see Figure 13, pg 15) . If a straight edge rule is not available, you may use the edge of the KX3 heat sink.
- 7. Flush cutters (or sharp knife) for trimming nylon screws to length (see Figure 31, pg 25)
- 8. 3/16 nut driver (optional for mounting standoffs).

# Unpacking and Inventory

### **A** CAUTION

Do not handle the circuit boards without anti-static protection! Doing so may damage sensitive components. See *Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage* on page 5 for important information handling the boards.

Before starting construction, do a complete inventory, comparing the parts in your kit with the parts list in Appendix A, to familiarize yourself with all of the parts and to ensure the kit is complete. When inventorying, look in the sealed envelopes to identify their contents, but not mix them up. A paper clip or piece of tape will hold the envelopes closed after you check their contents. Note that a few extras of some screws, nuts and washers may have been included on purpose.

All dimensions given in the assembly procedure are provided in both US Customary (often called English) and metric measurements. The native dimensions of the parts are in US Customary units. Approximate metric equivalents are given to assist those more familiar with the metric system to identify the correct parts.

#### Screws

A number of different types and sizes of screws and washers are used in the assembly. It is very important that you use the screw specified in each location or your finished KX3 may not fit together properly. In some places, using the wrong size screw may damage components. The following various screw types and sizes specified in the text are shown in Figure 2. Images are shown for comparing relative sizes. Due to the printing process used, they may not be exactly to scale. The lengths of the screws called for in the text are measured as shown.

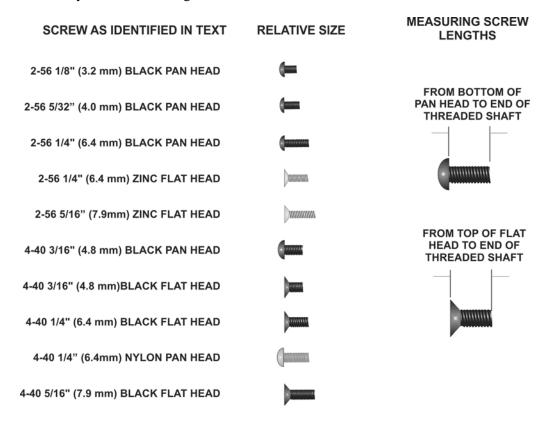


Figure 2. Screws Used to Assemble Your KX3.

#### Standoffs

A number of threaded standoffs are used. As with the screws and washers, be sure you use the correct size as specified in the text. Standoff lengths are measured as shown in Figure 3. Standoffs with 2-56 and 4-40 threads are used in the kit.

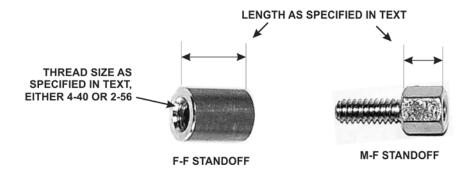


Figure 3. Typical Standoffs.

# **Assembly Procedure**

### **A** IMPORTANT ASSEMBLY INFORMATION

- Check off the steps as you finish each one. Skipping a step is easy to do without taking a moment to be certain that you completed the previous step. This can result in serious damage to your KX3 or, as a minimum, having to disassemble it to correct the mistake.
- Use your rule to check the length of screws and standoffs before installing them. Some components are only 1/16" different from others but using the wrong size may result in parts not fitting correctly, possibly damaging electrical and mechanical components. See *Screws* and *Standoffs* on pg 8 for measurement instructions.
- Start all the screws in an assembly before tightening. When mounting parts with multiple screws or adjacent parts that fit together, start all the screws in the threads before tightening any of them. If you find that a screw is binding, loosen the other screws to free it, and then re-tighten.
- Ensure all screws are tight but do not over-tighten. Do not attempt to turn screws and nuts beyond the point at which the lock washer is compressed. Screws without lock washers should be tightened only until you feel significant resistance to further turning. Do not attempt to turn screws or nuts 1/4 turn beyond "tight".
- Threads can be easily stripped if too much force is applied when tightening screws. Use the correct size hand tool and apply only moderate torque. Do not use a power screwdriver!
- **Do not adjust the turns on any toroids.** The position of the turns on the cores of many toroids has been adjusted at the factory to produce exactly the inductance needed for the circuit to work properly. Any attempt to adjust their position or to make a coil look "nicer" may seriously degrade circuit performance.
- Remember your ESD protection. Failure to observe ESD precautions may result in your KX3 not operating at all, or operating but not meeting normal factory performance specifications due to damaged components. See Preventing Electrostatic Discharge Damage on pg 5.
- Handle PC Boards by their Edges. Avoid unnecessary mechanical stress on any pc board components by careless handling.

#### **Front Panel Assembly**

Inspect the inside surface and tabs at the ends of the KX3 front panel sheet metal and remove the masking tape from the areas shown in Figure 4. Failure to provide good electrical contact at all the points shown may seriously degrade the performance of your KX3. The tape is not ordinary masking tape. It is a strong plastic tape. You can loosen most pieces by pushing a blunt tool through the hole from the other side. The Allen wrench supplied for mounting the VFO knob will fit the smaller holes. If the tape breaks, you can grab the broken edges with your needle nose pliers and peel it off. Optionally, you can press on the edge of the tape with your fingernail or blunt tool (Figure 5) to peel up the edge of the tape enough to grab an edge with your needle nose pliers. If you find any adhesive residue left behind, place a piece of ordinary cellophane tape on the area and then peel it off. The residue will generally come off with the tape.

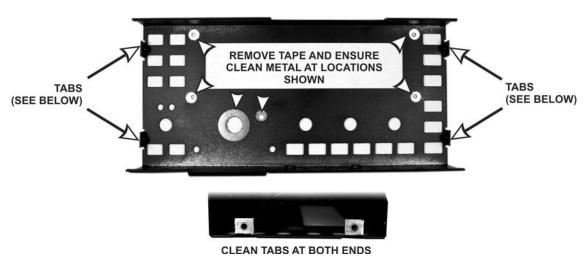


Figure 4. Front Panel Clean Contact Areas.

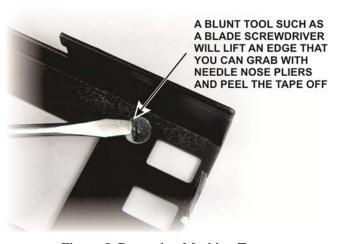


Figure 5. Removing Masking Tape.

Inspect the inside surface of the side panels. Remove any masking tape and ensure the metal is clean in the areas shown in Figure 6.

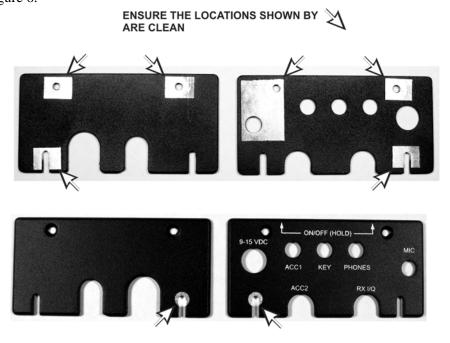


Figure 6. Side Panels Clean Contact Areas.

A NOTE: Areas of the bottom cover also need to be clean. If you wish to do all the metal cleaning at once, turn to pg 22 before returning here to continue the assembly.

Locate the speaker and dress the cable attached to it as shown in Figure 7. This is important to ensure the speaker is oriented correctly when you install it.



Figure 7. Dressing the Speaker Cable.

The speaker contains a very strong magnet that easily picks up hardware, bits of wire, etc. Be sure nothing is picked up by the speaker. Check both the cone in the front and the magnet at the back.

Place the speaker with the cone upwards and place the gasket on the frame as shown in Figure 8. SPEAKER LOCATION PLACE THE GRILLE CLOTH BETWEEN THE SPEAKER AND THE SHEET METAL AND POSITION THE SPEAKER SO THE TERMINALS ARE AS SHOWN THIS SIDE MUST FACE THE SPEAKER SECURE THE SPEAKER WITH FOUR **ENSURE THE GRILLE CLOTH** 2-56 1/4" (6.4mm) ZINC FLAT HEAD SCREWS LIES FLAT AGAINST THE SHEET METAL THREAD SCREWS IN ONLY UNTIL THE

Figure 8. Installing the Speaker.

HEADS REACH THE PANEL. DO NOT TIGHTEN FURTHER OR YOU WILL STRIP THE THREADS IN THE PLASTIC

SPEAKER FRAME.

Taking ESD precautions, remove the control panel (CP) board assembly from its protective envelope. Handle the assembly carefully to avoid damaging it or smudging the face of the LCD. Install the three standoffs as shown in Figure 9. Be sure you put the correct size hardware in each location and that you include all of the lock washers shown.

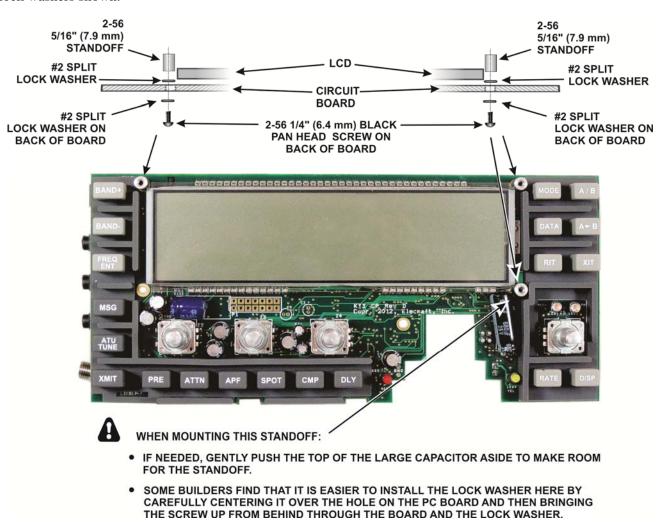


Figure 9. Installing CP Board Standoff Hardware – Part 1.

Install the standoff on the CP board as shown in Figure 10. Note that a M-F standoff is used instead of a screw on the back of the board.

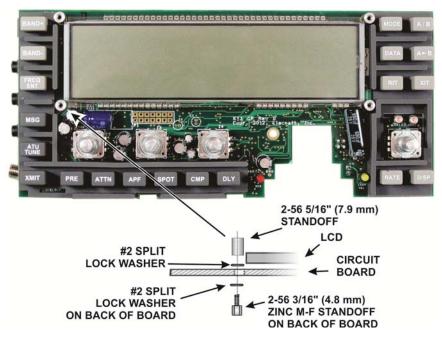


Figure 10. Installing CP Board Standoff Hardware - Part 2.

Install the remaining standoff on the CP board as shown in Figure 11. Note that this standoff uses larger 4-40 hardware and a M-F standoff on the back side of the board.

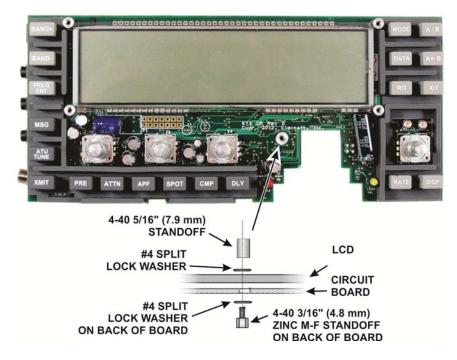


Figure 11. Installing CP Board Standoff Hardware - Part 3.

Turn the control panel board assembly over and inspect it to be sure that the standoffs are in the correct locations as shown in Figure 12. Also, confirm that you a placed lock washer between each standoff and screw and the pc board. Note: If you are unable to locate the 2-56 3/16" (4.8mm) standoff, see the note on page A3 of the parts list.

2-56 1/4" (6.4mm) BLACK PAN HEAD SCREWS WITH #2 LOCK WASHERS

2-56 3/16" (4.8mm) STANDOFF AND #2 LOCK WASHER

Figure 12. CP Board Standoff Hardware - Back.

On the front side of the board, place a straight edge across the top of two standoffs as shown in Figure 13 and confirm that the straight edge does not touch the LCD at any point. If it does, most likely you left out one of the lock washer spacers shown in Figure 9 Move the straight edge to the remaining two standoffs and repeat the test. If you don't have a rule such as shown, you can use the straight edge of the heat sink (Figure 27).

### A CAUTION!

If the LCD touches the straight edge in this test, you will break the display when you install it in the front panel sheet metal. Correct the problem before proceeding.

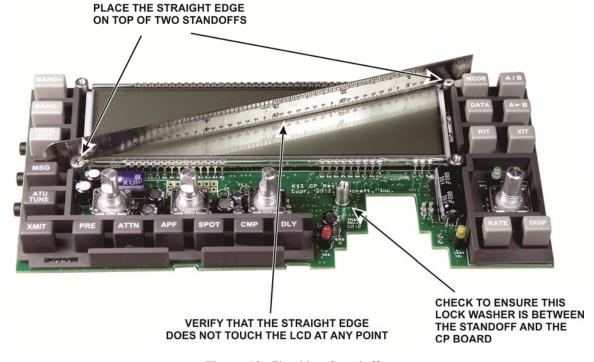


Figure 13. Checking Standoffs.

	Verify that you placed a lock washer between the 4-40 standoff and the pc board as shown in Figure 13.
	Inspect the front of the display for smudges or dust. Remove smudges by wiping it gently with a soft cloth. off any dust.
	Locate the plastic bezel and inspect it for dust or smudges. If necessary, you can wash it with mild dish. Dry it with a soft cloth to avoid scratches.
and 1	Place the front panel over the CP board as shown in Figure 14. You will need to reach under the CP board ift it up into position with the four encoders through the corresponding holes in the front panel. While ioning the CP board:

- Be sure all of the switch covers are aligned in the holes so you can feel each switch operate when pressed. All of the switches should stand slightly above the panel.
- Verify that all four LEDs are aligned with the holes in the front panel.
- No hardware is used on the four encoder shafts.
- Place the bezel on the front panel and secure it, and the CP board inside, as shown in Figure 14.

# **A** CAUTION

TIGHTEN THE SCREWS ONLY UNTIL SNUG. OVER-TIGHTENING THEM WILL CRACK THE BEZEL.

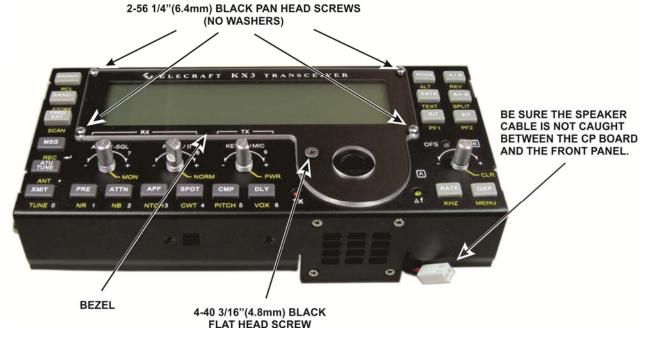


Figure 14. Placing the CP Board in the Front Panel.

Test all of the front panel pushbutton switches to ensure they move easily in the panel openings without binding. If any do bind, loosen the bezel screws as needed to adjust the rubber so it will move freely, and then retighten everything.

- Locate the VFO A encoder and shield. Assemble them as follows:
  - Place the encoder shield over the threaded ferrule with the shield oriented as shown in Figure 14.

     Be certain the shield is oriented exactly as shown in the figure.
  - Thread a nut onto the ferrule until it is snug against the encoder. Do not over-tighten.

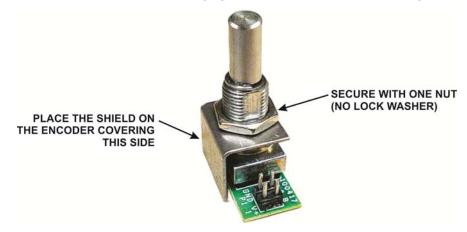


Figure 15. Preparing the VFO A Encoder for Installation.

Carefully position the encoder with its shaft through the opening in the front panel while mating the four pins with J6 (see Figure 16). Be certain the shield is between the speaker and the encoder as shown. If it is not, you it installed incorrectly in the previous step. Correct it before proceeding.

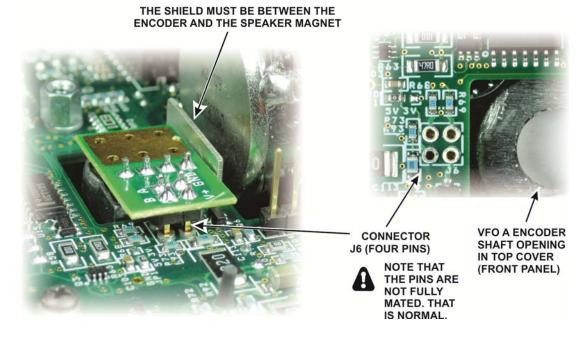


Figure 16. Installing the VFO A Encoder.

Plug the speaker connector into J7 next to the encoder board (see Figure 17).

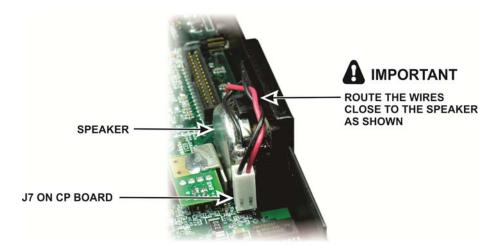


Figure 17. Connecting the Speaker to the CP Board.

Place a lock washer and nut on the VFO encoder and tighten using your needle nose pliers since there is very little space for a wrench or nut driver. Tighten only until the nut is snug and pressing into the teeth on the lock washer. Do not over tighten or you may force the encoder to turn, damaging the encoder pc board and possibly the CP board too.

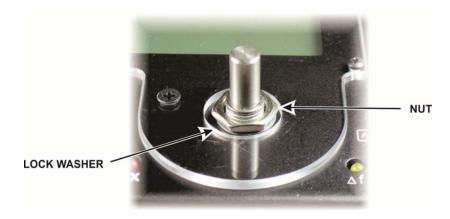


Figure 18. VFO Mounting Hardware.

Install the side panels as shown in Figure 19. The MIC connector is supplied with the finish nut threaded onto it. Remove the nut and replace it as shown after mounting the side panel.

#### 4-40, 3/16"(4.8mm) BLACK FLAT HEAD SCREWS - TWO IN EACH END PANEL

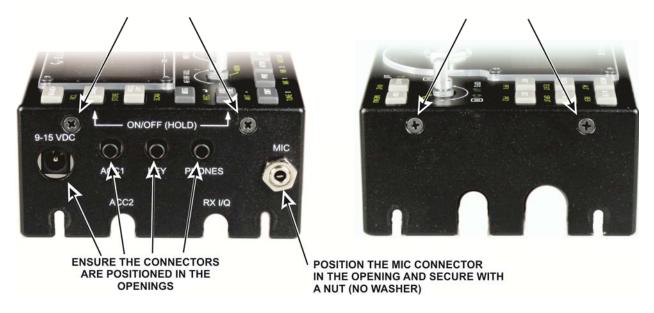


Figure 19. Mounting the Side Panels.

Mount the large knob on the VFO A encoder shaft as shown in Figure 20. Adjust the position of the knob for the desired amount of friction against the felt washer. A good starting point is to let the weight of the knob determine the pressure. The rubber finger grip slides off to allow adjustment later. Some set-screws turn stiffly in the knob, making it difficult to tell when it has reached the encoder shaft. Try yours before placing the knob on the shaft to see how much torque is required. Also, exercising it this way may loosen the fit slightly.



Figure 20. Mounting the VFO Knob.

Press small knobs on the four remaining encoder shafts. These knobs are all the same size and are held in place by a friction spring as shown in Figure 21. Align the flat in the knob with the flat on each shaft before pressing each knob in place. If they are a tight fit, support the CP board with your fingers while pressing each knob in place. In addition to the rotating encoder, each knob has a switch that is actuated by pressing the knob toward the panel. You will feel the switch action when you press each knob onto the shaft.

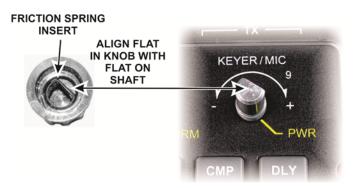


Figure 21. Mounting Friction Knobs.

Mount the nylon standoff on the battery retainer as shown in Figure 22. Be sure you place it in the correct location with the head on the lettered side of the retainer. The hole for the screw is countersunk on that side as well.

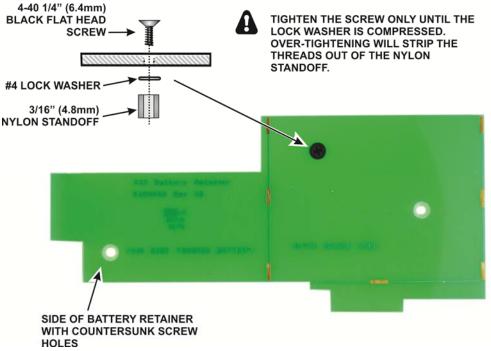


Figure 22. Mounting Nylon Standoff on the Battery Retainer.

Locate the area on the battery retainer marked "Affix Shield Here". Peel the protective back covering off of the large metal shield and align the shield carefully with the lines and edges of the retainer as shown in Figure 23 with the hole over the screw opening. Work over the entire surface, squeezing the shield against the retainer. You may notice a slight dimple appear where it covers the screw installed in the previous step. That is normal.

### **A** CAUTION!

If the shield is not firmly attached to the battery retainer it may cause a short circuit to the internal batteries.

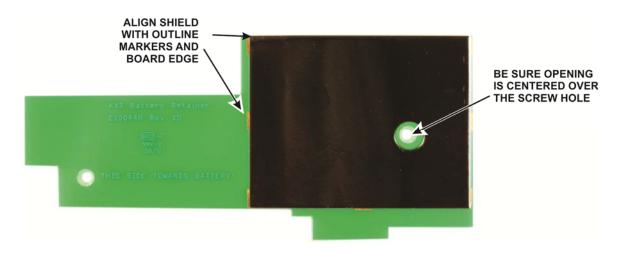


Figure 23. Positioning the Shield on the Battery Retainer.

Mount the battery retainer on the two standoffs on the CP board as shown in Figure 24. Note that the nylon standoff you installed on the retainer earlier (Figure 22) simply rests against the CP board.

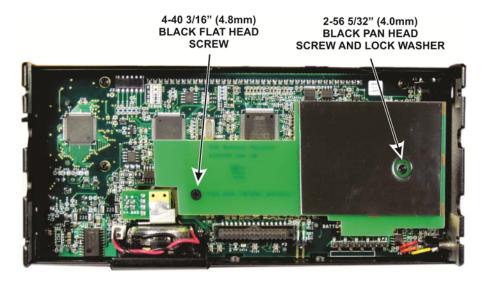


Figure 24. Installing the Battery Retainer.

### **Bottom Cover Assembly**

Remove any masking tape from the bottom cover sheet metal and ensure the metal is clean in the areas around the four screw holes in the bottom and the areas on the sides shown in Figure 25.Good electrical contact with the hardware at all of these points is very important for proper operation of your KX3.

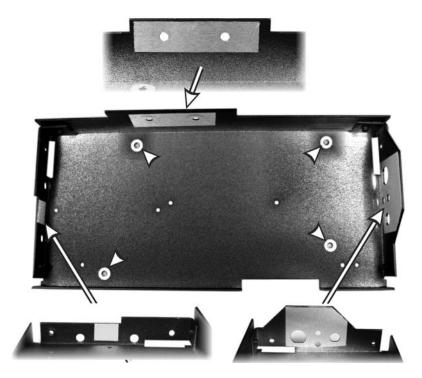


Figure 25. Bottom Cover Clean Contact Areas Inside.

Inspect the outer surface at each end of the bottom cover. Remove any masking tape and ensure the metal is clean in the areas shown in Figure 26.



Figure 26. Bottom Cover Clean Contact Areas Outside.

Mount the heat sink on the side panel of the bottom cover with two screws as shown in Figure 27. The remaining two screw holes will be filled later.

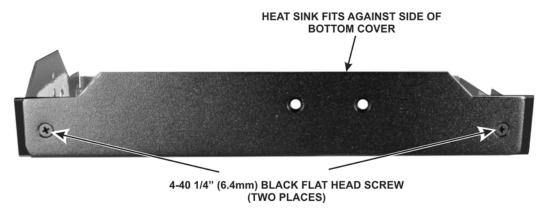


Figure 27. Mounting the Heat Sink on the Bottom Cover.

Peel the protective cover off of the back of the self-adhesive serial number label and affix it to the bottom cover as shown in Figure 28.

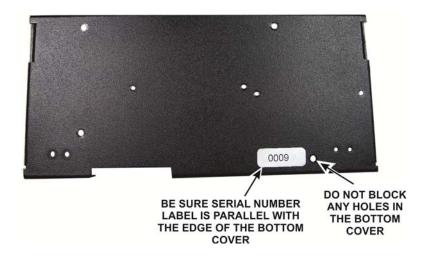


Figure 28. Placing the Serial Number on the Bottom Cover.

Mount two of the four rubber feet on the bottom cover using **nylon** screws as shown in Figure 29. First clear any paint out of the threads with one of the black 4-40 thumbscrews. Orient the feet so that the heads of the screws are recessed in the large openings.

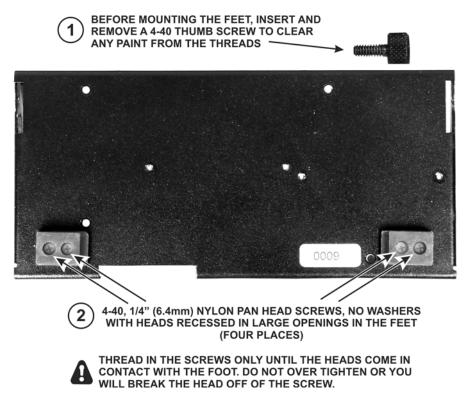


Figure 29. Mounting Rubber Feet on Bottom Cover.

On the inside of the bottom cover, trim all four nylon screws flush with the cover.

Use the black thumb screw to clear any paint from the threaded holes in the tilt legs (see Figure 30).

Slide the remaining two rubber feet onto the tilt legs as shown in Figure 30. The feet are held in place by friction. Be sure you work the feet all the way onto the legs as shown.

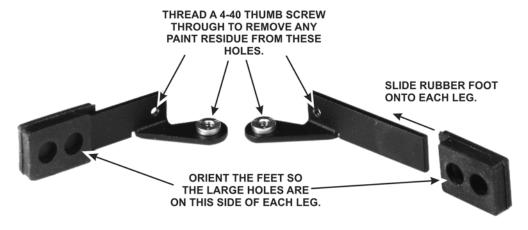


Figure 30. Preparing Tilt Legs for Installation – Part 1.

Install a flat washer and nylon screw on each tilt leg as shown in Figure 31. Note the orientation of the screw as well as the rubber foot that you installed earlier. They must be as shown for the foot to work properly.

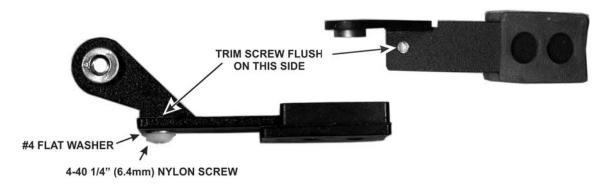


Figure 31. Placing Nylon Bumpers on the Tilt Legs.

Verify that you trimmed the screws flush with the legs as shown in Figure 31. Set the legs aside. They will be installed later.

Install the four #4 (larger) standoffs in the bottom cover as shown in Figure 32.

**A** CAUTION! Place the lock washers between the standoff and the bottom cover as shown. If they are left out the cover will strike the RF pc board when it is installed.

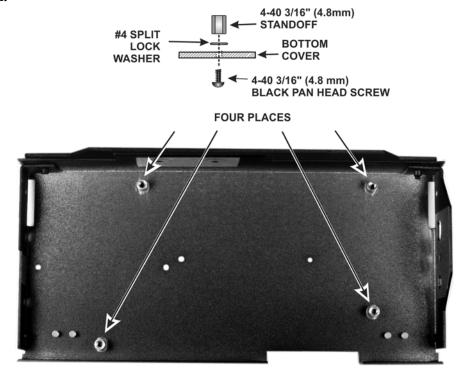


Figure 32. Installing 4-40 Standoffs in the Bottom Cover.

Install the four #2 (smaller) standoffs in the bottom cover as shown in Figure 33. Place the lock washers between the standoffs and the cover as shown to provide proper clearance for the RF board when it is installed. Leaving the washers out may result in damaged components on the RF board.

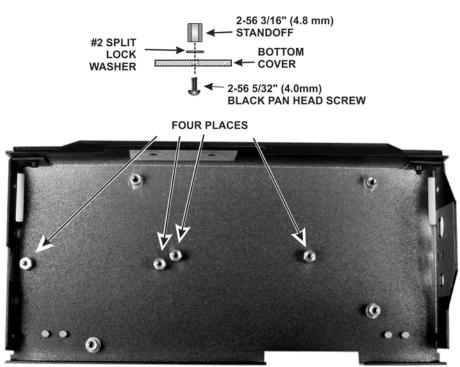


Figure 33. Installing 2-56 (Smaller) Standoffs in the Bottom Cover.

Taking ESD precautions remove the RF board from its protective envelope and mount the shield in the square outline on the pc board. Peel the protective back covering off of the shield and align the shield carefully with the outline on the RF board as shown in Figure 34. Press on the shield to ensure it is well adhered to the RF board.

### A CAUTION!

If the shield is not firmly attached to the RF board it may loosen and cause short circuits.



Figure 34. Installing the RF Board Shield.

Place the RF board in the bottom cover as shown in Figure 35. Put the end of the board with the shield into the bottom cover first so the connectors on the bottom of the board fit into the openings in the end of the cover. When the board is lying flat against the standoffs secure it with the hardware shown.

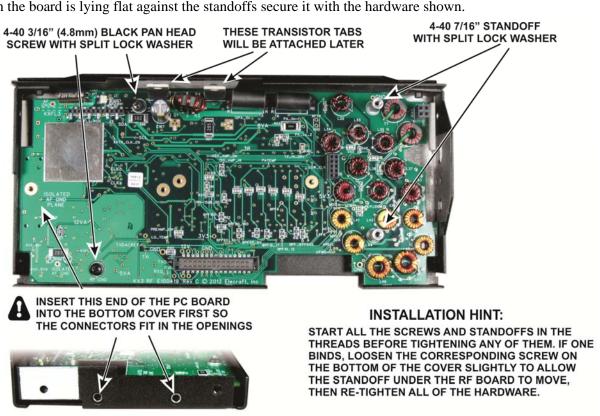


Figure 35. Installing RF Board in the Bottom Cover.

Check the spacing between transformer T7 and the standoff shown below. If they are touching, carefully push T7 away. There might not be as much space between them as shown. All that is required is that they are not in actual contact.



Figure 36. Checking T7 Clearance.

Thread 2-56 screws into the remaining four holes in the RF board as shown in Figure 37, make adjustments as necessary for them to fit just as you did in the previous step and then remove them. These screws will be replaced later to secure the battery holders.

# TEMPORARILY THREAD 2-56 5/16" (7.9mm) ZINC FLAT HEAD SCREWS PART WAY TO ENSURE HOLES ARE ALIGNED.

REMOVE THE SCREWS WHEN FINISHED. THEY WILL BE USED TO INSTALL THE BATTERY HOLDERS LATER.

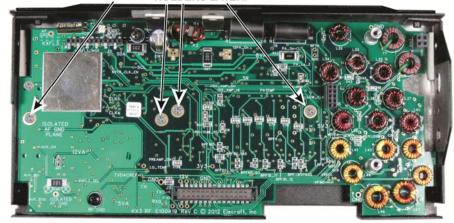


Figure 37. Checking the Alignment of the Battery Holder Standoffs.

Secure the tabs for the two transistors to the bottom cover as shown in Figure 38. The metal tabs on these transistors are at ground potential so there is no need to insulate them from the bottom cover, nor is a heat transfer compound such as silicon grease needed.

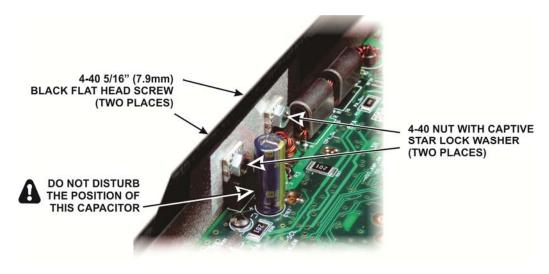


Figure 38. Securing the Tabs for Q6 and Q7 on the RF Board to the Bottom Cover.

Install the hole plug and the antenna connector as shown in Figure 39. Since there is little space, start the washer and nut on the BNC connector threads while the connector is only partially inserted in the hole.

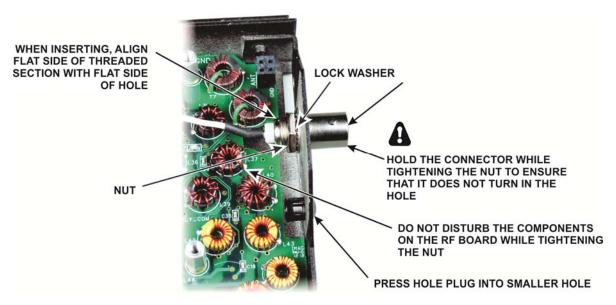


Figure 39. Installing the Antenna Connector and Hole Plug.

Install the two battery holders as shown in Figure 40. Orient the holders and route the wires as shown. Press down on the holder while starting each screw so it does not damage the first threads in the standoff beneath the RF board. Variations in manufacturing tolerances may require using the longer screws indicated. The longer screws are supplied in the Spares bag of parts.

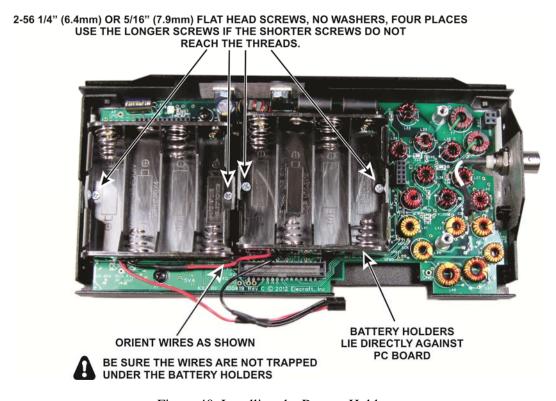
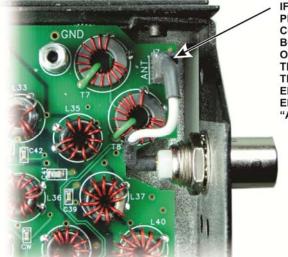


Figure 40. Installing the Battery Holders.

If you have the KXAT3 ATU to install at this time, skip this step. If you do not have the KXAT3 option connect the wire from the antenna connector to J7 on the RF board as shown in Figure 41. Be sure the connector is oriented so that both pins engage the connector on the ANT side.



IF NO KXAT3 IS TO BE INSTALLED, PLUG THE CABLE TO THE BNC CONNECTOR INTO J7 ON THE RF BOARD AS SHOWN. BOTH TERMINALS ON THE CONNECTTO THE BNC CENTER CONDUCTOR, SO THE CONNECTOR MAY BE ORIENTED EITHER WAY AS LONG AS BOTH PINS ENGAGE THE CONNECTOR ON THE "ANT" SIDE.

Figure 41. Connecting the BNC Cable - No KXAT3 ATU.

If you do not have the KXAT3 ATU option, skip this step. Mount the KXAT3 as shown in Figure 42. Be especially careful to ensure that all the pins of both connectors engage with their opposites on the RF Board. You may find it easiest to engage P2 with J6 (near the battery holder) first so you can see the pins more clearly. It is normal for part of the length of the pins on P2 to be visible when the connectors are properly mated.

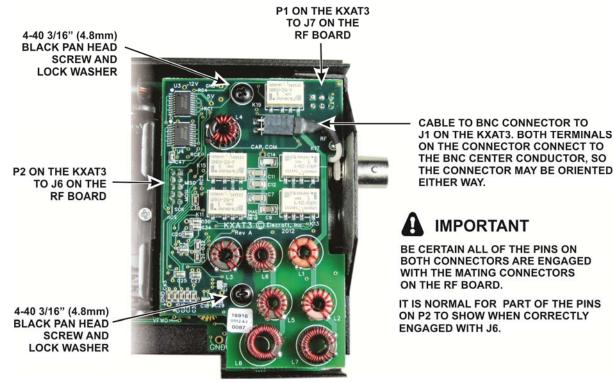


Figure 42. Installing the KXAT3 ATU.

If you do not have the KXFL3 filter option, skip this step. Install the KXFL3 as shown in Figure 43. Be sure all the pins are mating with the connector on the RF board and that the new longer screw through the bottom cover passes into the hole in the KXFL3 board. This screw does not make electrical contact with the hole. It is there to ensure the board cannot be dislodged by rough handling of the KX3.

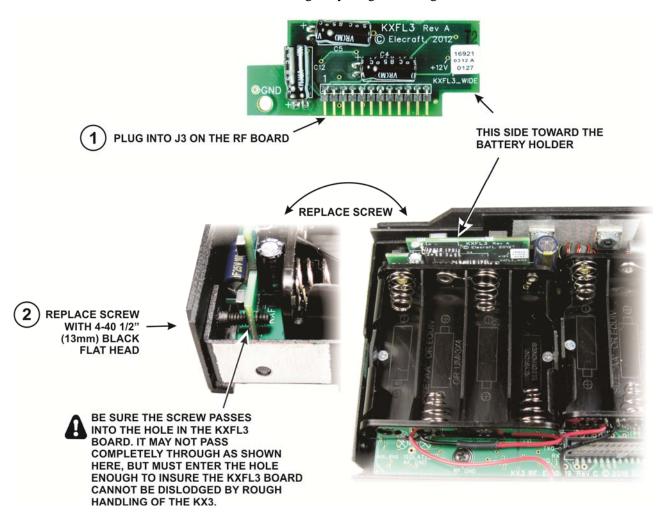


Figure 43. Installing the KXFL3.

### **Final Assembly**

Turn the bottom cover assembly over and install both tilt feet as shown in Figure 44. Do not tighten the thumb screw until the top cover assembly has been fitted. Without the thickness of the side panels on the top cover the screw will strike the RF pc board.

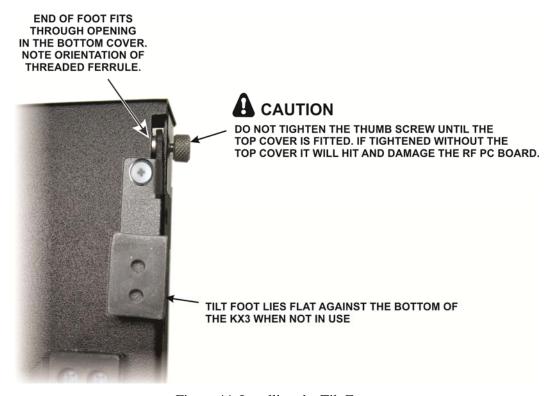


Figure 44. Installing the Tilt Feet.

Fit the top and bottom covers together as shown in Figure 45. Be sure the battery cable is out of the way and not trapped between the covers. It will be installed later. Secure the covers with four thumb screws. Two of the screws are already in place holding the rear feet.



Figure 45. Test Fitting the Top and Bottom Covers Together.

Turn the KX3 over and check the gap between the place where the top cover folds under the bottom below the speaker and the bottom cover as shown in Figure 46. A gap as shown is critical to avoid the speaker vibrating the top cover against the bottom cover causing a buzzing sound. If needed, separate the top and bottom covers and adjust the fit as shown in Figure 47.

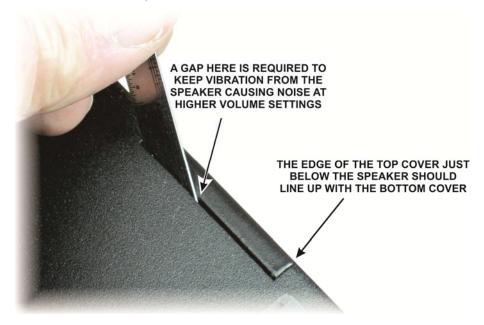
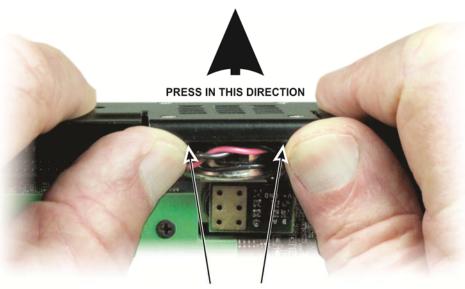


Figure 46. Checking the Cover Fit.



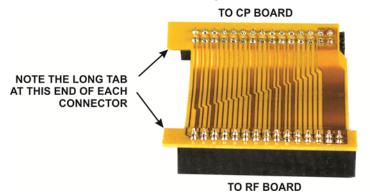
PRESS ON THE EDGE OF THE COVER NEXT TO THE SPEAKER

A

**CAUTION:** TO AVOID BENDING THE COVER TOO MUCH, DO NOT TRY TO MAKE THE ADJUSTMENT IN ONE TRY. WORK IN SMALL STEPS, CHECKING THE RESULTING GAP AFTER EACH ADJUSTMENT.

Figure 47. Adjusting the Cover Fit.

Separate the KX3 top and bottom covers. Set the bottom cover on its feet and locate the flex cable that will join the RF board to the CP board (see Figure 48).



**A** CAUTION

THE CONNECTORS ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR HEAVY USE. ONCE PLUGGED IN, AVOID REMOVING THEM UNNECESSARILY TO AVOID DEVELOPING INTERMITTENT CONNECTIONS.

Figure 48. Flex Cable.

Plug the flex cable into P2 on the CP board as shown in Figure 49. Be sure it is oriented with the long tab on the cable toward the speaker as shown.

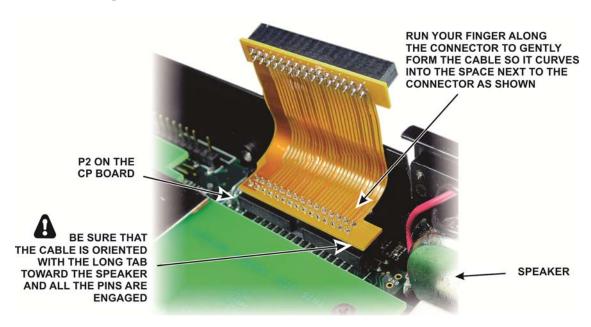


Figure 49. Plugging the Flex Cable into the CP Board.

Set the top cover assembly next to the bottom cover and connect the flex cable and battery cable as shown in Figure 50. Ensure the speaker cable is still routed over the speaker as shown so it won't be trapped between the battery holders and the CP board when the cover is closed.

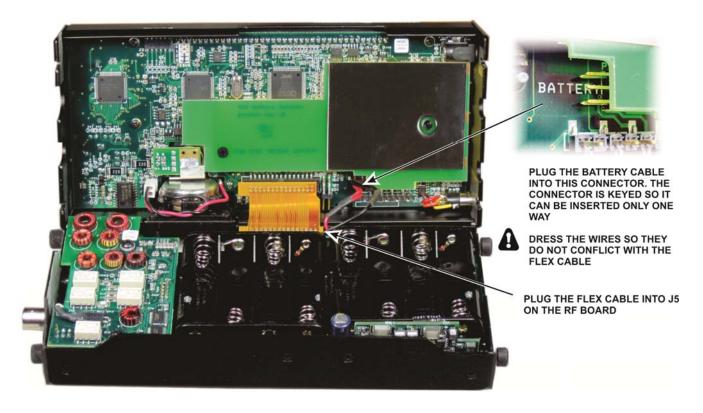


Figure 50. Connecting the Flex and Battery Cables.

If you wish to install the internal battery, you may do so now. When installing the battery always inspect the sheath around each cell for damage. The sheath provides critical insulation to avoid short circuits. Many cells, especially single-use (not rechargeable) alkaline cells, have the entire cell casing connected to the positive terminal which is separated from the negative terminal at the bottom end of the cell by a thin insulator (see Figure 51). If the plastic sheath is damaged, the bottom spring contact in the battery holder can bridge the insulation, shorting the cell. The resulting heat can do extensive damage to the KX3. Damage to the sheath along the sides of the cells can also cause short circuits by touching the metal shield on the battery retainer. Refer to your owner's manual for more information about recommended battery types and battery care.

# **A** CAUTION

NEVER USE A CELL WITH ANY DAMAGE TO THE PLASTIC SHEATH. THE CELL

BELOW HAS HAD A LARGE SEGMENT OF THE SHEATH REMOVED TO SHOW THE CONSTRUCTION CLEARLY, BUT ONLY A SMALL TEAR ON THE SIDE OR AT THE BOTTOM CAN ALLOW A SHORT CIRCUIT TO OCCUR RESULTING IN SEVERE DAMAGE TO YOUR EQUIPMENT.

BOTTOM (NEGATIVE TERMINAL)
END OF CELL

CASE CONNECTED
TO POSITIVE
TERMINAL

NEGATIVE TERMINAL

Figure 51. Checking Battery Cells.

**INSULATOR** 

Close the top and bottom covers and secure them with thumb screws as shown in Figure 52.

A CAUTION: As you close the covers ensure that the flex cable folds into the space next to the CP board connector as shown. Do not allow it to fold toward the battery holders. If the flex cable resists pushing into the space next to the CP board connector, use your finger to gently crease it along the edge of the connector as shown in Figure 49.

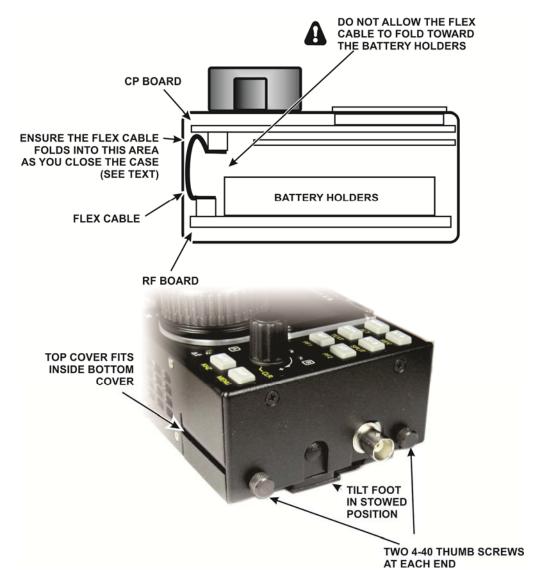


Figure 52. Closing the KX3.

# Setup and Operation

Refer to your KX3 Owner's manual for complete setup and operating instructions.

### **A** IMPORTANT!

If you installed the KXAT3 or KXFL3 options you must enable them. See *Option Module Enables* in your KX3 Owner's manual.

# Appendix A - Illustrated Parts List

Your kit contains a number of envelopes, boxes and packages of parts. Check the contents of each one carefully against the following lists. You may find extra screws, nuts and other small parts provided in case you lose one. They may be in a separate bag or mixed in with the others.

#### **Printed Circuit Boards**

Each board is packaged in its own ESD-safe bag identified by the part numbers shown below. The photographs are provided to help you identify each board. You may find that some of the components or component locations on the boards you receive are slightly different from those shown.

### **Top and Bottom Covers**

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
THE STATE OF	Top Cover	1	E100404SS
	Bottom Cover	1	E100399

### **Side Panels - Bag E50835**

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
9-15 VDC MIC ACC1 KEY PHONES ACC2 RX IIO	Left Side Panel	1	E100400SS
	Right Side Panel	1	E100401

### **PCB** Assemblies

### **A** CAUTION

Leave the PCB assemblies in their ESD-safe packaging until needed. Take ESD precautions when you do remove them, and be careful not to damage components on either side of the circuit boards when handling them.

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
AND PAR ATTS ANY BOOT CHE BY	CP Board Assembly  Note: This assembly includes a jack with associated mounting nut threaded onto it. The nut will be used when installing the board.	1	E850441
	RF Board Assembly	1	E850484

# Encoder Bag – E850547

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
	VFO Encoder Assembly	1	E850481
	Encoder Shield	1	E100445
0	Hex Nut (One nut may be supplied mounted on the encoder)	2	E700125
0	Lock Washer (May be supplied on the encoder)	1	E700255

# Front Panel (Top Cover) Hardware E850532

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
Cattooner,	2-56 1/4" (6.4mm) Black Pan Head Screw	7	E700171
Community of the Commun	2-56" 5/32" (4.0mm) Black Pan Head Screw	1	E700149
	4-40 3/16" (4.8mm) Black Flat Head Screw	6	E700173
	4-40 1/4" (6.4mm) Black Flat Head Screw	1	E700253
	#2 Lock Washer, Split Ring	8	E700123
	#4 Lock Washer, Split Ring	3	E700004
	2-56 1/4" (6.4mm) Flat Head Screw	4	E700259
	2-56 5/16" (7.9mm) Standoff	4	E700122
9	4-40 5/16" (7.9mm) Standoff	1	E700121
	2-56 3/16" (4.8mm) M-F Standoff <b>NOTE:</b> If this standoff is missing, your kit includes a special replacement. Check for the Builder's Alert 2-56 M-F Standoff Assembly E850546 and an envelope of parts packaged separately in your kit.	1	E700271
	4-40 3/16" (4.8mm) M-F Standoff	1	E700078
	4-40 3/16" (4.8mm) Nylon Standoff	1	E700263

# **Rear Panel (Bottom Cover) Hardware E850533**

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
<b>Determine</b>	4-40 3/16" (4.8mm) Black Pan Head Screw	6	E700172
Compar	2-56 5/32" (4.0mm) Black Pan Head Screw	4	E700149
	4-40 1/4" (6.4mm) Black Flat Head Screw	2	E700253
	4-40 5/16" (7.9mm) Black Flat Head Screw	2	E700249
	2-56 1/4" (6.4mm) Flat Head Screw	4	E700259
	4-40 1/4" (6.4mm) Nylon Pan Head Screw	6	E700166
	#2 Lock Washer, Split Ring	4	E700123
	#4 Lock Washer, Split Ring	8	E700004
	#4 Flat Washer	2	E700044
	2-56 3/16" (4.8mm) Standoff	4	E700257
9	4-40 3/16" (4.8mm) Standoff	4	E700237
	4-40 7/16" (11mm) M-F Standoff	2	E700258
	4-40 Nut with Captive Star Washer	2	E700169
	4-40 Thumb Screws	4	E700050

# Misc

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
	VFO Knob	1	E980181
	VFO Knob Rubber Finger Grip	1	E980182
	Felt Washer	1	E700033
	Small Encoder Knobs	4	E850528
	KX3 Wrench Set	1	E850503
Management and the second seco	Battery Retainer	1	E100440
	CP Board Shield	1	E100444
	RF Board Shield	1	E100443
	Power Cord		E850524
	Bezel	1	E100403

ILLUSTRATION	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	ELECRAFT PART NO.
	Speaker  Note that the color of the wires may vary.	1	E850487
	Speaker Grille with Attached Gasket	1	E100441
00	Rubber Foot	4	E980185
00010	Serial Number Label (In envelope)	1	E850523
	Tilt Foot, Left	1	E980183
_ · _ m	Tilt Foot, Right	1	E980184
	BNC Connector with Nut and Lock Washer	1	E850486
17.50 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	Battery Holder Assembly	1	E850519
	Flex Cable	1	E980219
	Heat Sink	1	E100446
•	Hole Plug	1	E100443
OR OR	Data Cable Assembly, either RS232 or USB. Chosen at the time order is placed.	1	E850483 (USB) Or E850369 (RS232))