Section one: General description

I、Introduction

This instrument is one of multifunctional and hi-precision frequency conters that measures frequency from 10Hz to 2700MHz

It features eight digits, bright seven segment LED display, four function performance. Low power consumption circuit design, small size,light weitht,high-stabilized crystal over oscillator for measurement of accuracy and full input signal conditioning

The four functions are frequency, period, totalize and selt check.

This is accomplished by a single chip microcontroller, The input signal can ge conditioned by attenuation, It is recommended that whole information and details should be read and understood before attempting to operate the instrument for correct operation and best results.

II、 Specification

The pertinent specifications are listed as follows:

1、Frequency measurements.

Channel A

Range: $10Hz \sim 10MHz$ direct counter.

10MHz to 100MHz prescaled by proportion.

Resolution: Direct counter: 1Hz、10Hz、100Hz switch selectable.

Presscaled: 10Hz, 100Hz, 1000Hz switch selectable. Gate time: 0.01s, 0.1s, 1s switch selectable.

Accuracy: ±1 count±timebase error×measured

Channel B

Range: 100MHz~2.7GHz

Resolution: 100Hz、1kHz、10kHz

Gate time: $0.01s \ 0.1s \ 1s$

Accuracy: ±1 count ± time base error × measured frequency

2、Period measurements

Input: Channel A

Range: 10Hz~10MHz Resolution: 10^{-7} s, 10^{-8} s, 10^{-9} s switch selectable Accuracy: ±1count±timebase error measured period Totalize measurements Input : Channel A Range: 10Hz~10MHz Resolution: ±1 count of input Check: 8 bits repeating display 0~9 together Input characteristics Channel A 3. Input sensitivity 10MHz range: 10Hz~8MHz 20mVrms 8MHz~10MHz 30mVrms 100MHz range: 10MHz~80MHz 20mVrms 80MHz~100MHz 30mVrms Attenuation: ×1、×20 fixed Filter(CH1 only)Low pass: AC 100kHz-3dB Impedance: Approximate $1M\Omega$ then 35pFMaximum voltage without damage: 250V(DC+ACrms) Channel B Input sensitivity: 20mVrms Impedance: Approximate 50Ω Maximun voltage without damage: 3V 4. Time base Timebase frequency: 10MHz Short term stability: $\pm 3 \times 10^{-9}$ for 1s average Long term stability: 2×10⁻⁵ month Temperature: ±1×10⁻⁵ : 0~40°C Line voltage: $\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ for 10% change

5、General

Display: 8 digits,0.39 inch green LED display with decimal point,gate,overflow,kHz,MHz and µs indication

Power requirement: line 220V ± 10% 45Hz~70Hz

Warm-up time: 20 minutes when cold started at 25° C

Temperature rated range of use: -5~50℃

Storage and transport: -40~60℃

Humidity operating: 10~90%RH

Dimension: width :207mm heigh: 85mm depth: 255mm Weight: 2kg

6、Supplied accessories

(1) power cord (2) operating manual

Section two: Action principle

The operating theory is equal accuracy measurement in this instrument.

In reserved gate time, counter 1 counts Nx for measured integral pulses, counter 2 counts No for standard pulses, frequency Fx and period Px of the measured signal can be determined by calculating formular easily.

Frequency Fx=Nx / Tx

Period Px=Tx / Nx



Figure 1

Section three: Operation instruction

I、Introduction

This section provides complete operating information for this hi-precision frequency counter, This section includes a description of all front panel controls, connectors and indicators and indicators, operating instructions, operator's maintenance.

II、 Preparation for use

Power requirements

It requires a power source of AC 220V ; $45 \sim 70$ Hz signal phase.

Power consumption is 10W maximum.

Wait about 20 minutes for correct measurement until the crystal oven oscillator gets stable in aging

III、Front panel features



Figure 2

1、Power switch: To turn on , depress push button, display this instrument model "F-2700L" in 2 seconds

2、Hold: In hold, switch in, the measurement (except for totalize)in progress is stopped.

3、Reset: When pressed, immediately reset the counter to begin a new measurement, usually used in the totalize mode to begin a new measurement.

4. Gate time: For frequency measurement, this switch is used to change gate time when in the period measurement mode, it is used to change the ultiplier factors.

 $5\,{\rm s}$ Check: Check this instrument status and8 bits repeating display 0 ${\sim}9$ together.

6、A TOT.: Totalizer measurement.(channel A input)

7、A PER1.: With this switch in placed in period mode.

8、A FREQ.10MHz: With this switch in, placed in 10MHz frequency mode.(channel a input)

9、A FREQ.100MHz: With this switch in ,placed in 100MHz range frequency mode.(channel A input)

10、 B FREQ.(channel B input)

Switch: B FREQ. 2.7GHz

Range: 100MHz~2.7GHz

11、ATT: Input signal attenuator switch.

When pressed, the sensitivity is attenuated by factor 20 for input signal.(only A input)

12、 A INPUT: Channel A input connector.

13、 B INPUT: Channel B input connector.

- 14、Gate indicator: Displays the opened or closed state of the GATE, When GATE is open, indicator is lit.
- 15、OVERFLOW indicator: Indicates overflow of 8 digits.
- 16、kHz annunciator.
- 17、MHz annunciator.
- 18、Ms annunciator
- 19、Lowpass filter: AC 100kHz ; 3dB

All function keys to turn off display model: "F-2700L"

IV、Rear panel features



Figure 3

13MHz OUT: Output connector ofr internal reference oscillator, this connector provides a 13MHz signal, It may be used as a reference

signal for other frequency counters.

Fuse: AC power protection(0.3A)

AC INLET: Provides connection to Acpower.

AC SELECTOR: 115V or 230V.

V、Operating characteristics

The following paragraphs describe the operating ranges and resolution for frequency, period, totalize and check function.

1、Frequency measurements.

(1) Perform frequency measurement as follows

(2) Press the POWER switch to the ON position.

(3) Press the FREQ. switch to select the frequency mode of operation.

Select the desired gate time.

(4) Connect the input signal to the front-panel BNC connector.

(5) Set ATT. To desired position , If input signal level is greater than 300mV, depressing the switch will decrease the triggering sensitivity of the input, section by a 20 and reduce errors.

(6) Read the frequency on display, and observe the unit of measurement indication to the right of the display.

2、Period measurement.

Perform period measurements as follow:

(1) Press the POWER switch to the ON position.

(2) Press the APERI switch to select the period mode of operation

(3) Select the desired PERIMULTI

(4) Connect the input signal to the front-panel A INPUT TBNC connector.

(5) Set ATT to desired position, If input signal level is greater than 300mV, depressing the ATT switch will decrease the triggering sensitivity to the input section by a 20 and reduce errors.

(6) Read the period time on display, and observe the unit of measurement indication to the right of the display.

3、Totalize measurements.

(1) Perform to talize measurements as follows:

(2) Press the POWER switch to the ON position.

(3) Press the A. TOT switch to select the totalize mode of operation, and the RESET switch to initialize the counter.

Connect the input signal to the front-panel A.INPUT BNC connector

(4) Set ATT. to desired position , If input signal level is greater than 300mV, depressing the ATTswitch will decrease griggering sensitivity of the input section by a 20and reduce errors.

(5) Read the accumulated total on display after hold switch in.

4、Check mode.

The self-check mode provides a means of verifying proper overall operation of counter, excluing input section, timebase accuracy, and timebase dividers used in the peios mode.

(1) Press the POWER switch to the ON position.

(2) Press the check switch to select the self-check mode.

(3) Press the IS GATE TIME selctor: the display should rad 10000.000 $\,$

With the instrument gating once every second.

(4) Press the 0.1s GATE TIME selector: the display should read 10000.00 $\,$

With a 100 millisecond gate time.

(5) Press the 0.01s GATE TIME selector, the display should read 10000.0

With a 10 millisecond gate time.

Section four: Calibration

I、Introduction

Calibration is limited to adjustment of the timebase oscillator frequency and the trigger level.

Timebase oscillator adjustment should be made when ever the oscillator is determined that accuracy of the counter is not within the accuracy desired perform timebase oscillator adjustment in an environment having an anbient temperature of $22 \sim 25^{\circ}$ C, Allow the

instrument to warm up at least 30 minutes with case on before adjusting the timebase.

Warning

Maintenang described herein is performed with poer supplied to the instrument, And protective covers revomed, Such maintenance should be performed only by service-trained personnel who are aware of the hazard involved (For example,fire and electrical shock), Where main teance can be performed without power applied, The power should be removed.

II、Test instruments required.

Quartz oscillator Range: 13MHz~2.7GHz

Temperature coefficient: ±1×10⁻⁸

Sine wave generator Range; $10Hz \sim 1MHz$; $1kHz \sim 1GHz$

III、Timebase frequency adjustment

A Timebase

1、Remove the counter from the case.

2 Select A 10MHz output on the quartz oscillator<i.e.hours standard>and connect the 10MHz signal to the counter A.INPUT.

3、Set the front panel controls as follow.

POWER	ON
NOR / HOLD	NOR
GATE TIME	1s
FUNCTION	A.FREQ.10MHz
ATT	×1

4. While ovserving the counter display, adjust the fimebase oscillator controller (C5 located on the oven) to obtain a reading of 10000.000 ± 1 digit. (Figure 4)

B Time base

 1_{\sim} Remove the counter from the case.

2、Select a 2.7GHz output on the quartz, oscillator (i.e.house standard)and connect the counter B. INPUT.

3、Set the front panel controls as follow:

POWERONNOR / HOLDNORGATE TIME1sFUNCTIONB.FREQ. ATT

 $4\,$ While observintg the counter display , adjust the time base oscillator (C28 located one the oven) to obtain a reading of 2700.0000±1Hz

IV、Trigger level adjustment

(1) Remove the counter from the case.

(2) Set sine wave generator to A INPUT connector of the front panel.

(3) Connect generator to a INPUT connector of the front panel

POWER	ON
NOR / HOLD	NOR
GATE TIME	1s
FUNCTION	A.FREQ.10MHz
ATT	×1

(4) While observing the counter, display, adjust the trigger level control (RP1 on the PCB) to obtain a reading of stable value.



Figure 4



MEIRUIKE INSTRUMENT

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HI-PRECISION FREQUENCY COUNTER





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